# THE LANCET

## Supplementary appendix

This appendix formed part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed. We post it as supplied by the authors.

Supplement to: Pollack A, Karrison T G, Balogh A G, et al. The addition of androgen deprivation therapy and pelvic lymph node treatment to prostate bed salvage radiotherapy (NRG Oncology/RTOG 0534 SPPORT): an international, multicentre, randomised phase 3 trial. *Lancet* 2022; **399:** 1886–1901.

APPENDIX: The addition of androgen deprivation therapy and pelvic lymph node treatment to prostate bed salvage radiotherapy (NRG Oncology/RTOG 0534 SPPORT): an international, multicentre, randomised phase 3 trial, THELANCET-D-20-19617R2

**Supplementary Tables and Methods** 

Supplementary Table S1: Endpoint Considerations From A Pooled Multi-Institutional Analysis of Patients Treated With Salvage Radiotherapy Only (No ADT; n=533) After Prostatectomy.

BECF	% 5/8 yr.	Specificity	Sensitivity	PPV
<b>Definition</b> in	Failure			
mg/mL				
$1. \ge 0.2$	59% / 72%	56%	95%	23%
$2. \ge 0.4$	47% / 64%	66%	94%	27%
3. ≥ 1.0	35% / 52%	77%	92%	35%
$4. \ge 2.0$	29% / 41%	84%	90%	43%
$5. \ge 0.2 + 2 \text{ rises}$	42% / 59%	72%	93%	31%
6. ≥ 0.4+2 rises	39% / 57%	74%	93%	32%
7. ≥ 1.0+2 rises	32% / 46%	80%	90%	39%
$8. \ge 2.0 + 2 \text{ rises}$	29% / 39%	85%	90%	45%
9. 3 consecutive	33% / 36%	82%	90%	40%
rises (ASTRO)				
10. Nadir+2	31% / 40%	83%	91%	43%
(Phoenix)				

BECF = biochemical estimator of clinical failure based on PSA parameters after salvage radiotherapy; PPV = positive predictive value

The data used for this analysis is a subset of that reported by Stephenson AJ, Scardino PT, Kattan MW, et al: Predicting the outcome of salvage radiation therapy for recurrent prostate cancer after radical prostatectomy. J Clin Oncol 25:2035-41, 2007

#### **Supplementary Methods**

Inclusion and Exclusion Criteria

#### **Conditions for Patient Eligibility**

- 1. Adenocarcinoma of the prostate treated primarily with radical prostatectomy, pathologically proven to be lymph node negative by pelvic lymphadenectomy (N0) or lymph node status pathologically unknown (undissected pelvic lymph nodes [Nx]), i.e. lymph node dissection is not required;
  - Any type of radical prostatectomy will be permitted, including retropubic, perineal, laparoscopic or robotically assisted. If performed, the number of lymph nodes removed per side of the pelvis and the extent of the pelvic lymph node dissection (obturator vs. extended lymph node dissection) should be noted. There is no time limit for the date of radical prostatectomy.
- 2. A post-radical prostatectomy entry PSA of  $\geq 0.1$  and  $\leq 2.0$  ng/mL at least 6 weeks (45 days) after prostatectomy and within 30 days of registration;
- 3. One of the following pathologic classifications:
  - T3N0/Nx disease with or without a positive prostatectomy surgical margin; or
  - T2N0/Nx disease with or without a positive prostatectomy surgical margin;

- 4. Prostatectomy Gleason score of 9 or less;
- 5. Zubrod Performance Status of 0-1;
- 6. Age  $\geq$  18;
- 7. No distant metastases, based upon the following minimum diagnostic workup:
  - History/physical examination (including digital rectal exam) within 8 weeks (60 days) prior to registration;
  - A CT scan of the pelvis (with contrast if renal function is acceptable; a noncontrast CT is permitted if the patient is not a candidate for contrast) or MRI of the pelvis within 120 days prior to registration;
  - Bone scan within 120 days prior to registration; if the bone scan is suspicious, a plain x-ray and/or MRI must be obtained to rule out metastasis.
- 8. Adequate bone marrow function, within 90 days prior to registration, defined as follows:
  - Platelets ≥ 100,000 cells/mm³ based upon CBC;
  - Hemoglobin  $\geq 10.0$  g/dl based upon CBC (Note: The use of transfusion or other intervention to achieve Hgb  $\geq 10.0$  g/dl is recommended).
- 9. AST or ALT < 2 x the upper limit of normal within 90 days prior to registration;
- 10. Serum total testosterone must be  $\geq 40\%$  of the lower limit of normal (LLN) of the assay used (testosterone  $\div$  LLN must be  $\geq 0.40$ ) within 90 days prior to registration (Note: Patients who have had a unilateral orchiectomy are eligible as long as this requirement is met);
- 11. Patients must sign a study-specific informed consent prior to study entry.

#### Conditions for Patient Ineligibility

- 1. A palpable prostatic fossa abnormality/mass suggestive of recurrence, unless shown by biopsy under ultrasound guidance not to contain cancer;
- 2. N1 patients are ineligible, as are those with pelvic lymph node enlargement ≥ 1.5 cm in greatest dimension by CT scan or MRI of the pelvis, unless the enlarged lymph node is sampled and is negative;
- 3. Androgen deprivation therapy started prior to prostatectomy for > 6 months (180 days) duration. <u>Note</u>: The use of finasteride or dutasteride (±tamsulosin) for longer periods prior to prostatectomy is acceptable;
- 4. Androgen deprivation therapy started after prostatectomy and prior to registration (Note: The use of finasteride or dutasteride (±tamsulosin) after prostatectomy is <u>not</u> acceptable must be stopped within 3 months after prostatectomy. Androgen deprivation therapy must be stopped within 3 months after prostatectomy);
- 5. Neoadjuvant chemotherapy before or after prostatectomy;
- 6. Prior chemotherapy for any other disease site if given within 5 years prior to registration;
- 7. Prior cryosurgery or brachytherapy of the prostate; prostatectomy should be the primary treatment and not a salvage procedure;
- 8. Prior pelvic radiotherapy;
- 0. Prior invasive malignancy (except non-melanomatous skin cancer) or superficial bladder cancer unless disease free for a minimum of 5 years [for example, carcinoma *in situ* of the oral cavity is permissible];
- 9. Severe, active co-morbidity, defined as follows:
  - History of inflammatory bowel disease;
  - History of hepatitis B or C; Blood tests are not required to determine if the patient has had hepatitis B or C, unless the patient reports a history of hepatitis.
  - Unstable angina and/or congestive heart failure requiring hospitalization within the last 6 months;
  - Transmural myocardial infarction within the last 6 months;
  - Acute bacterial or fungal infection requiring intravenous antibiotics at the time of registration;
  - Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease exacerbation or other respiratory illness requiring hospitalization or precluding study therapy at the time of registration;
  - Hepatic insufficiency resulting in clinical jaundice and/or coagulation defects; AST or ALT are required; note, however, that laboratory tests for coagulation parameters are not required for entry into this protocol.

- Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) based upon current CDC definition; Note, however, that HIV testing is not required for entry into this protocol. The need to exclude patients with AIDS from this protocol is necessary because the treatments involved in this protocol may result in increased toxicity and immunosuppression.
- Prior allergic reaction to the study drug(s) involved in this protocol.

#### Prostatic Fossa Clinical Target Volume (CTVp)

- 1) <u>Superiorly</u>: The CTVp should extend superiorly to the level of the caudal vas deferens remnant. In some cases, the vas deferens remnant may be difficult to visualize. In the absence of gross disease or seminal vesicle remnants, the superior limit of the CTVp should extend at least 2 cm and need not extend more than 3-4 cm above the level of the pubic symphysis. The consensus definition calls for "inclusion of the seminal vesicle remnants, if present, in the CTVp if there is pathologic evidence of their involvement. However, inclusion of any seminal vesicle remnants seen is recommended.
- 2) <u>Inferiorly</u>: The CTVp should extend inferiorly to > 8-12 mm inferior to vesicourethral anastomosis (VUA). With axial CT imaging, the VUA can often be seen in the retropubic region as one slice below the most inferior urine-containing image (the bladder must be modestly full). Magnetic resonance (MR) imaging defines this landmark more clearly with the hyperintense urine signal on T2 images. Inferiorly, the border of the CTVp should be at least 8-12 mm below the VUA. A sagittal reconstruction facilitates identification of the position of the VUA and the inferior border of the CTVp below it. If visualization of the VUA is problematic due to image quality or surgical clip artifacts, the inferior limit of the CTVp can extend to a level just above the penile bulb (same border as described above). It should be noted that there was considerable discussion about this definition versus extending the inferior border of the CTVp to just above the penile bulb; both definitions were deemed acceptable.
- 3) <u>Anteriorly</u>: Below the superior border of the pubic symphysis, the anterior border is at the posterior aspect of the pubis. The CTVp extends posteriorly to the rectum where it may be concave at the level of the VUA. At this level the lateral border extends to the levator ani. Above the pubic symphysis the anterior border should encompass the posterior 1-2 cm of the bladder wall at the minimum and posteriorly it is bounded by the mesorectal fascia. At this level the lateral border is the sacrorectogenitopubic fascia. This is not well-defined in textbooks. If in question, the lateral border should extend to the obturator internus muscle.
- 4) <u>Posteriorly</u>: The CTVp extends posteriorly to the anterior rectal wall, but may be somewhat concave around the anterior-lateral aspect of the rectum to adequately encompass the prostate bed.

### Planning Target Volumes (PTVs)

#### PTVp (prostate bed PTV)

The PTVp margins around the prostate bed Clinical Target Volume (CTVp) were defined to be a minimum of 0.8 cm and a maximum of 1.5 cm in all dimensions. A reduction of the PTVp margin from 0.8 cm to  $\geq$  0.6 cm to minimize rectal exposure was considered a variation acceptable. A posterior margin of < 0.6 cm was considered an unacceptable deviation. A margin for penumbra for 3D-CRT, usually 0.5–0.7 cm beyond the PTVp was added such that  $\geq$  95% of the PTVp received the prescribed dose (64.8-70.2 Gy); an acceptable variation was considered if < 95% to 90% of the PTVp received the prescribed dose, and an unacceptable deviation was noted if < 90% of the PTVp received the prescribed dose (64.8-70.2 Gy); a variation acceptable was noted if < 95% to 90% of the PTVp received the prescribed dose, and a deviation unacceptable was noted if < 90% of the PTVp received the prescribed dose. The planned dose, between 64.8 to 70.2, was declared after the patient was planned and all dosimetric parameters finalized.

#### PTVn (pelvic lymph node PTV)

The PTVn margin around the CTVn was the same as that described for the PTVp. The PTVn was to receive 45 Gy at 1.8 Gy per fraction during the first 25 fractions, along with the PTVp. A composite plan should be generated showing that at least 95% of the PTVn and PTVp receive the prescribed dose; a variation acceptable will be noted if < 95% to 90% of the PTV(s) receives the prescribed dose, and a deviation unacceptable will be noted if < 90% of the PTV(s) receives the prescribed dose.

#### Interim Analyses

A group sequential test with three planned interim analyses was specified. The interim analyses were to be carried out when cumulative accrual and follow-up targets (enrolled patients whose follow-up was at least 5 years from the randomization date) were met (Supplementary Table S2). At each planned interim analysis, the p-value from Z-test statistics for the difference between the five-year FFP rates assessing treatment efficacy or futility were compared to the nominal significance level. The nominal significance level of 0.001 (one-sided), which is similar to the Haybittle-Peto test (Peto et al., 1976), was chosen for efficacy testing. For the futility testing boundary, Rule C in Freidlin and Korn (2002) was used.

For efficacy testing, the following procedure was specified. Arm 3 is first compared with Arm 2 and the arm that has the higher observed FFP rate is chosen. Let p1, p2, and p3 equal the observed rate of 5-year FFP in Arm 1, Arm 2 and Arm 3, respectively.

1) If Arm 2 is better than Arm 3 ( $p2 \ge p3$ ), Arm 2 is compared with Arm 1. The following hypothesis is tested:

$$H_{01}$$
:  $p2 \le p1$  vs.  $H_{A1}$ :  $p2 > p1$ .

If  $H_{01}$  is rejected (p  $\leq$  0.001), then we would conclude that the 5-year FFP of Arm 2 is better than Arm 1. We report that Arm 2 is better than arm 1 and stop accrual to arm 1 if applicable. If  $H_{01}$  is not rejected (p-value > 0.001), then we continue the trial and proceed to the next interim analysis without any results reporting. With respect to interim evaluation of Arm 2 vs. Arm 3, if  $H_{01}$  is rejected, the following hypothesis is tested:

$$H_{02}$$
:  $p2 \le p3$  vs.  $H_{A2}$ :  $p2 > p3$ .

If  $H_{02}$  is rejected (p-value < 0.001), then Arm 2 is declared best and the complete trial results (superior arm identified) are reported. If  $H_{02}$  is not rejected (p-value > 0.001), then we continue the trial to the next interim analysis to evaluate Arm 2 vs. Arm 3.

2) If Arm 3 is better than Arm 2 (p2 < p3), then we compare Arm 3 with Arm 1. The following hypothesis is tested:

$$H_{03}$$
:  $p3 \le p1$  vs.  $H_{A3}$ :  $p3 > p1$ .

If  $H_{03}$  is rejected (p-value  $\leq 0.001$ ), then we conclude that the 5-year FFP of Arm 3 is better than Arm 1. We report that Arm 3 is better than arm 1 and stop accrual to arm 1 if applicable. If  $H_{03}$  is not rejected (p-value > 0.001), then we continue the trial and proceed to the next interim analysis without any results reporting. With respect to interim evaluation of Arm 2 vs. Arm 3, if  $H_{03}$  is rejected, then the following hypothesis is tested.

$$H_{04}$$
:  $p3 \le p2$  vs.  $H_{A4}$ :  $p3 > p2$ .

If  $H_{04}$  is rejected (p-value < 0.001), then Arm 3 is declared best and the complete trial results (superior arm identified) are reported. If  $H_{04}$  is not rejected (p-value > 0.001), then we continue the trial to the next interim analysis to evaluate Arm 2 vs. Arm 3.

For futility testing, we compare Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 and Arm 2 vs. Arm 1 if applicable. The following hypotheses are tested:

$$H_{05}$$
:  $p_1 \ge p_2$  vs.  $H_{A5}$ :  $p_1 < p_2$  and  $H_{06}$ :  $p_1 \ge p_3$  vs.  $H_{A6}$ :  $p_1 < p_3$ .

The alternative hypotheses,  $H_{A5}$  (p2 = p1+ 0.1) and  $H_{A6}$  (p3 = p1 + 0.1) will be tested at the 0.001 level (the futility nominal significance level). If the computed p-value is less than 0.001 then we consider stopping the trial in favor of  $H_{05}$  or  $H_{06}$  and report the results.

As described in the main text, the Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 efficacy boundary was crossed at the third interim analysis, and the DMC recommended reporting the full results of the trial.

Supplementary Table S2. Schedule for the Planned Interim Analysis

Information	Estimated	Cumulative
Time	<b>Analysis Time*</b>	Accrual in the
		Three Arms**
0.25	7 years	397
0.50	9 years	794
0.75	11 years	1191
1.0	13 years	1587

<sup>\*</sup> Time to the interim analysis from the first patient entry

#### Secondary Endpoints and Post-Hoc Analyses

Secondary endpoints included local failure, regional failure, distant metastases, biochemical failure using an alternative definition (PSA  $\geq$  0.4 and a second rise above nadir or start of second salvage therapy), castrate resistant disease (three rises in PSA after the start of second salvage hormone therapy), prostate cancer cause-specific mortality, overall survival, and quality of life, and toxicity. Two post-hoc endpoints were also evaluated, namely, metastasis-free survival and time to initiation of ADT salvage therapy. While cumulative incidence curves are presented for the secondary endpoints (with the exception of overall survival), they were analyzed in terms of the cause-specific hazard rate (Freidlin and Korn, 2005\*) using logrank tests and Cox regression modeling in which patients who died prior to the event of interest (or who died from non-prostate cancer in the case of cause-specific mortality) were censored as of the time of death. Of note, for the secondary endpoints patients who received salvage treatment prior to the event were not censored. Chi-square tests and logistic regression analyses were performed to compare the treatment groups with respect to acute (within 90 days of completion of RT) and late (more than 90 days) toxicity. As mentioned above, quality of life measures will be analyzed in a separate report. All patients are included in the analyses with the exception of those found to have been ineligible (modified intent-to-treat). To adjust for multiple comparisons, the protocol stipulated that the one-sided p-value for secondary endpoints (with the exception of toxicity) should be <0.0125 to declare statistical significance and that 97.5% confidence intervals be reported. The significance level for toxicity was 1p<0.025.

\*Freidlin B, Korn EL. Testing treatment effects in the presence of competing risks. Stat Med. 24:1703-1712, 2005.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The number of eligible patients whose follow-up is at least 5 years from the randomization date

Supplementary Table S3: Treatment Compliance
A: Radiation Therapy Delivery, Central Review of All Eligible Patients

	PBRT (n=5		PBRT+STADT (n=578)		PLNRT+PBRT+STADT (n=574)		Total (n=1716)	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Total Dose	(n=564)		(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1716)	
N/A	1	0.2	3	0.5	3	0.5	7	0.4
Per Protocol	548	97.2	559	96.7	564	98.3	1671	97.4
Variation Acceptable	0	0.0	1	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.1
Deviation Unacceptable	0	0.0	2	0.3	0	0.0	2	0.1
Not evaluable	15	2.7	13	2.2	7	1.2	35	2.0
Fractionation	(n=564)		(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1716)	
N/A	1	0.2	3	0.5	3	0.5	7	0.4
Per Protocol	541	95.9	556	96.2	557	97.0	1654	96.4
Variation Acceptable	4	0.7	2	0.3	3	0.5	9	0.5
Deviation Unacceptable	3	0.5	4	0.7	4	0.7	11	0.6
Not evaluable	15	2.7	13	2.2	7	1.2	35	2.0
Elapsed Days	(n=564)		(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1716)	
N/A	1	0.2	3	0.5	3	0.5	7	0.4
Per Protocol	544	96.5	559	96.7	560	97.6	1663	96.9
Variation Acceptable	3	0.5	2	0.3	4	0.7	9	0.5
Deviation Unacceptable	1	0.2	1	0.2	0	0.0	2	0.1
Not evaluable	15	2.7	13	2.2	7	1.2	35	2.0
Target Volume / Organs at Risk	(n=564)		(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1716)	
N/A	0	0.0	1	0.2	2	0.3	3	0.2
Per Protocol	198	35.1	197	34.1	153	26.7	548	31.9
Variation Acceptable	318	56.4	330	57.1	366	63.8	1014	59.1
Deviation Unacceptable	27	4.8	30	5.2	41	7.1	98	5.7
Not evaluable	21	3.7	20	3.5	12	2.1	53	3.1
Overall	(n=564)		(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1716)	
Per Protocol	472	83.7	485	83.9	459	80.0	1416	82.5
Variation-Acceptable	60	10.6	59	10.2	82	14.3	201	11.7
Deviation-Unacceptable	12	2.1	12	2.1	18	3.1	42	2.4
Incomplete RT - Refused	0	0.0	2	0.3	1	0.2	3	0.2
No RT given	2	0.4	4	0.7	3	0.5	9	0.5

# Supplementary Table S3: Treatment Compliance A: Radiation Therapy Delivery, Central Review of All Eligible Patients

		PBRT Alone (n=564)		PBRT+STADT (n=578)		PLNRT+PBRT+STADT (n=574)		Total (n=1716)	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	
Not Evaluable	18	3.2	16	2.8	11	1.9	45	2.6	

Supplementary Table S3: Treatment Compliance B. Anti-Androgen Component of Androgen Deprivation Therapy, Central Review of Sampled Eligible Patients

	PBRT+STADT (n=258)		PLNRT+PBRT+STADT (n=255)		Total (n=513)	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
Dose						
80-120%	189	73.3	208	81.6	397	77.4
< 80%, due to protocol-specified reasons	7	2.7	12	4.7	19	3.7
< 80%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons*	15	5.8	13	5.1	28	5.5
> 120%*	38	14.7	15	5.9	53	10.3
No Treatment	9	3.5	7	2.7	16	3.1
Treatment delay						
No delays	246	95.3	247	96.9	493	96.1
< 2 weeks	1	0.4	1	0.4	2	0.4
> 2 weeks delay, due to non-protocol-specified reasons*	2	0.8	0	0.0	2	0.4
No Treatment	9	3.5	7	2.7	16	3.1
Overall score						
Per Protocol	195	75.6	220	86.3	415	80.9
Unacceptable Deviation	54	20.9	28	11.0	82	16.0
No Treatment	9	3.5	7	2.7	16	3.1

<sup>\*</sup>Unacceptable Deviation

Supplementary Table S3: Treatment Compliance C. LHRH Targeted Component of Androgen Deprivation Therapy, Central Review of Sampled Eligible Patients

	PBRT+STADT (n=258)		PLNRT+PBRT+STADT (n=255)		Total (n=513)	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
Dose						
80-120%	223	86.4	225	88.2	448	87.3
< 80%, due to protocol-specified reasons	1	0.4	2	0.8	3	0.6
< 80%, due to non-protocol-specified reasons*	16	6.2	8	3.1	24	4.7
> 120%*	11	4.3	13	5.1	24	4.7
Wrong drug/agent given*	0	0.0	1	0.4	1	0.2
No Treatment	7	2.7	6	2.4	13	2.5
Treatment delay						
No delays	249	96.5	249	97.6	498	97.1
> 2 weeks delay, due to non-protocol-specified reasons*	2	0.8	0	0.0	2	0.4
No Treatment	7	2.7	6	2.4	13	2.5
Overall score						
Per Protocol	223	86.4	227	89.0	450	87.7
Unacceptable Deviation	28	10.9	22	8.6	50	9.7
No Treatment	7	2.7	6	2.4	13	2.5

<sup>\*</sup>Unacceptable Deviation

STADT = Short Term Androgen Deprivation Therapy.

Supplementary Table S4: Treatment Delivery
A: Radiation Therapy Delivery, Site Reported for All Eligible Patients

	PBRTA (n=50		PBRT+5 (n=5'		PLNRT+PBI (n=5'		Tot (n=17	
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%
Type of RT Administered	(n=548)		(n=562)		(n=563)		(n=1673)	
3D Conformal	70	12.8	68	12.1	76	13.5	214	12.8
IMRT	478	87.2	494	87.9	487	86.5	1459	87.2
Number of Fractions	(n=548)		(n=562)		(n=563)		(n=1673)	
<36	10	1.8	8	1.4	8	1.4	26	1.6
36	105	19.2	95	16.9	138	24.5	338	20.2
37	142	25.9	153	27.2	147	26.1	442	26.4
38	134	24.5	135	24.0	132	23.4	401	24.0
39	157	28.6	171	30.4	138	24.5	466	27.9
Total Dose to 95% PTV (Gy)	(n=548)		(n=562)		(n=563)		(n=1673)	
Median	68.4		68.4		66.6		68.4	
Min - Max	62.8 - 70.8		5.4 - 70.2		1.8 - 70.2		1.8 - 70.8	
Q1 - Q3	66.6 - 70.2		66.6 - 70.2		66.0 - 68.4		66.6 - 70.2	
RT terminated early	(n=3)	0.5	(n=6)	1.0	(n=11)	1.9	(n=20)	1.2
Reason:								
Toxicity	0		1		0		1	
Patient refusal prior to	1		1		0		2	
beginning protocol therapy								
Patient withdrawal or refusal after beginning protocol	0		2		1		3	
therapy								
Alternative treatment given	0		0		1		1	
Other complicating disease	1		0		1		2	
Other*	1		2		8		11	

<sup>\*</sup>Other reasons include machine problems, patient not feeling well, no shows, or transportation issues.

Supplementary Table S4: Treatment Delivery B: Anti-Androgen (AA) Delivery, Site Reported for All Eligible Patients on Androgen Deprivation Therapy Arms

	PBRT+ (n=5	STADT 78)	PLNRT+PB (n=5		Total (n=1152)	
	n	%	n	%	n	%
Received AA	(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1152)	
No	22	3.8	18	3.1	40	3.5
Yes	556	96.2	556	96.9	1112	96.5
Reason AA not received	(n=22)	(n=22) $(n=18)$ $(n=40)$				
Patient refusal prior to Tx start	2	9.1	3	16.7	5	12.5
Other	1	4.5	1	5.6	2	5.0
Missing/Unknown	19	86.4	14	77.8	77.8 33	
AA Duration* (months)	(n=548)		(n=550)		(n=1098)	
Median	3.9		3.9		3.9	
Min - Max	0.3 - 8.7		0.1 - 6.9		0.1 - 8.7	
Q1 - Q3	3.6 - 4.1		3.7 - 4.1		3.7 - 4.1	
Reason AA Terminated Early	(n=556)		(n=556)		(n=1112)	
Not applicable	491	88.3	492	88.5	983	88.4
Toxicity	27	4.9	25	4.5	52	4.7
Death	0	0.0	1	0.2	1	0.1
Patient withdrawal or refusal	3	0.5	2	0.4	5	0.4
Other complicating disease	2	0.4	1	0.2	3	0.3
Other	26	4.7	30	5.4	56	5.0
Missing/Unknown	7	1.3	5	0.9	12	1.1

<sup>\*</sup>Patients who received drug but do not have a duration have incomplete treatment data.

**Supplementary Table S4: Treatment Delivery** C. LHRH Targeted Treatment Delivery Summary, Site Reported for All Eligible Patients on the Androgen Deprivation Therapy Arms

		Γ+STADT =578)	PLNRT+PBRT+STADT (n=574)		Tot (n=1)	
	n	0/0	n	%	n	%
Received LHRH	(n=578)		(n=574)		(n=1152)	
No	18	3.1	18	3.1	36	3.1
Yes	560	96.9	556	96.9	1116	96.9
Reason LHRH not received	(n=18)		(n=18)		(n=36)	
Patient refusal prior to beginning protocol therapy	2	11.1	4	22.2	6	16.7
Missing/Unknown	16	88.9	14	77.8	30	83.3
LHRH duration* (months)	(n=555)		(n=549)		(n=1104)	
1-3	15	2.7	8	1.5	23	2.1
4	180	32.4	170	31.0	350	31.7
5	9	1.6	10	1.8	19	1.7
6	332	59.8	348	63.4	680	61.6
7-8	12	2.2	8	1.5	20	1.8
9-12	7	1.3	5	0.9	12	1.1
LHRH Termination Reason	(n=560)		(n=556)		(n=1116)	
Not applicable	534	95.4	529	95.1	1063	95.3
Toxicity	2	0.4	4	0.7	6	0.5
Death	0	0.0	1	0.2	1	0.1
Patient withdrawal or refusal after beginning protocol therapy	2	0.4	1	0.2	3	0.3
Alternative treatment given	1	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.1
Other	11	2.0	10	1.8	21	1.9
Missing/Unknown	10	1.8	10	2.0	21	1.9

<sup>\*</sup>Patients who received drug but do not have a duration have incomplete treatment data. STADT = Short Term Androgen Deprivation Therapy.

### **Supplementary Table S5: Cause of Death for All Eligible Patients**

	PBRT Alone (n=69)	PBRT+STADT (n=63)	PLNRT+PBRT+STADT (n=69)	Total (n=201)
Death due to prostate cancer	36 (52.2%)	29 (46.0%)	21 (30.4%)	86 (42.8%)
Centrally certified	28 (40.6%)	21 (33.3%)	14 (20.3%)	63 (31.3%)
Following clinical or biochemical progression	8 (11.6%)	8 (12.7%)	7 (10.1%)	23 (11.4%)
Death due to other causes	33 (47.8%)	30 (47.6%)	47 (68.1%)	110 (54.7%)
Unknown	0 ( 0.0%)	4 ( 6.3%)	1 ( 1.4%)	5 ( 2.5%)

### Supplementary Table S6: Univariate and Multivariable Cox Regression Analyses – Time to Second Salvage Therapy by PSA at Entry

		<b>Unadjusted HR</b>		Adjusted HR	
#Events/n	Comparison	and CI <sup>1</sup>	p-value <sup>2</sup>	and CI <sup>1</sup>	p-value <sup>3</sup>
Arm1: 62/293	Arm 3 vs. Arm 1	0.32 (0.18-0.55)	< 0.001	0.29 (0.17, 0.51)	< 0.001
Arm2: 35/264	Arm 2 vs. Arm 1	0.58 (0.36-0.93)	0.005	0.60(0.37, 0.96)	0.007
Arm3: 23/301	Arm 3 vs. Arm 2	0.53 (0.29-0.96)	0.007	0.49 (0.27, 0.90)	0.004
Arm1: 95/271	Arm 3 vs. Arm 1	0.38 (0.25-0.57)	< 0.001	0.36 (0.24, 0.54)	< 0.001
Arm2: 74/314	Arm 2 vs. Arm 1	0.59 (0.42-0.84)	< 0.001	0.54 (0.38, 0.77)	< 0.001
Arm3: 45/273	Arm 3 vs. Arm 2	0.64 (0.42-0.98)	0.009	0.67 (0.44, 1.02)	0.016
	Arm1: 62/293 Arm2: 35/264 Arm3: 23/301 Arm1: 95/271 Arm2: 74/314	Arm1: 62/293 Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 Arm2: 35/264 Arm 2 vs. Arm 1 Arm3: 23/301 Arm 3 vs. Arm 2 Arm1: 95/271 Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 Arm2: 74/314 Arm 2 vs. Arm 1	#Events/n Comparison and CI¹  Arm1: 62/293 Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 0.32 (0.18-0.55)  Arm2: 35/264 Arm 2 vs. Arm 1 0.58 (0.36-0.93)  Arm3: 23/301 Arm 3 vs. Arm 2 0.53 (0.29-0.96)  Arm1: 95/271 Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 0.38 (0.25-0.57)  Arm2: 74/314 Arm 2 vs. Arm 1 0.59 (0.42-0.84)	#Events/n Comparison and CI¹ p-value²  Arm1: 62/293 Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 0.32 (0.18-0.55) <0.001  Arm2: 35/264 Arm 2 vs. Arm 1 0.58 (0.36-0.93) 0.005  Arm3: 23/301 Arm 3 vs. Arm 2 0.53 (0.29-0.96) 0.007  Arm1: 95/271 Arm 3 vs. Arm 1 0.38 (0.25-0.57) <0.001  Arm2: 74/314 Arm 2 vs. Arm 1 0.59 (0.42-0.84) <0.001	#Events/n         Comparison         and CI¹         p-value²         and CI¹           Arm1: 62/293         Arm 3 vs. Arm 1         0.32 (0.18-0.55)         <0.001

Arm 1: PBRT Alone; Arm 2: PBRT+NC-STADT; Arm 3: PLNRT+PBRT+NC-STADT

 <sup>1 97.5%</sup> confidence interval, adjusted for PSA, stage, SV involvement, Gleason score, age, and race.
 2 One-sided logrank test.
 3 One-sided Wald test.

### **Supplementary Table S7: Patterns of Failure by Treatment Arm**

	PBRT Alone (n=103)			STADT 71)	+\$7	T+PBRT FADT =49)	To (n=2	
Recurrence	n	%	n	%	n	%	Total	%
Local only	13	12.6	4	5.6	2	4.1	19	8.5
Regional only	19	18.4	11	15.5	6	12.2	36	16.1
Distant only	42	40.8	39	54.9	31	63.3	112	50.2
Local, Distant	7	6.8	6	8.5	3	6.1	16	7.2
Local, Regional	2	1.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.9
Regional, Distant	16	15.5	9	12.7	4	8.2	29	13.0
Local, Regional, Distant	4	3.9	2	2.8	3	6.1	9	4.0

STADT = Short Term Androgen Deprivation Therapy.

#### Supplementary Table S8: 5-Year Survival or Cumulative Incidence Rates for Primary and Secondary Endpoints

Endpoint	PBRT Alone	PBRT+STADT	PLNRT+PBRT+STADT
Freedom from Progression	70.9% (67.0%, 74.9%)	81.3% (78.0%, 84.6%)	87.4% (84.7%, 90.2%)
Distant Metastases	8.5% (6.3%, 11.1%)	6.1% (4.3%, 8.3%)	4.5% (3.0%, 6.5%)
Prostate Cancer Death	2.9% (1.7%, 4.6%)	0.9% (0.4%, 2.1%)	0.7% (0.2%, 1.8%)
Overall Survival	93.5% (91.4%, 95.6%)	96.1% (94.5%, 97.7%)	95.8% (94.2%, 97.5%)
Biochemical Failure (Phoenix)	20.3% (17.0%, 23.8%)	14.0% (11.2%, 17.0%)	8.3% (6.2%, 10.8%)
Alternative (Secondary) Biochemical Failure*	31.0% (27.1%, 34.9%)	21.0% (17.7%, 24.5%)	12.8% (10.2%, 15.8%)
Time to 2nd Salvage ADT	22.2% (18.7%, 25.8%)	14.5% (11.7%, 17.7%)	7.9% (5.9%, 10.4%)
Castrate Resistant Disease**	2.9% (1.7%, 4.6%)	2.1% (1.1%, 3.6%)	1.1% (0.5%, 2.3%)
Local Failure	3.2% (1.9%, 4.9%)	1.5% (0.7%, 2.8%)	0.4% (0.1%, 1.2%)
Regional Failure	4.7% (3.1%, 6.8%)	2.2% (1.2%, 3.7%)	0.7% (0.2%, 1.7%)
Distant Metastases-Free Survival	87.5% (84.7%, 90.3%)	91.4% (89.0%, 93.7%)	91.9% (89.6%, 94.1%)

<sup>\*</sup> PSA > 0.4 and a second rise above nadir or start of second salvage therapy \*\*Three rises in PSA after institution of salvage hormone therapy

STADT = Short Term Androgen Deprivation Therapy

Supplementary Table S9: Acute\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Acute Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term Within Blood/Bone Marrow, GI, Renal GU System Organ Class

		PBRT.	Alone (r	n=547)†		F	PBRT+S	STADT	(n=563)	†	PLNF	RT+PBI	RT+STA	ADT (n=	<del>-563</del> )†
Category/Term	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
BLOOD/BONE MARROW	16	9	3	0	0	49	9	1	0	0	35	14	15	0	0
	(2.9)	(1.6)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.7)	(1.6)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.2)	(2.5)	(2.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Blood disorder	1	0	1	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
CD4 lymphocytes decreased	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hemoglobin decreased	11	0	0	0	0	44	3	0	0	0	39	3	0	0	0
	(2.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(7.8)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.9)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hemolysis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Leukopenia	13	2	2	0	0	12	3	0	0	0	13	2	0	0	0
	(2.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.1)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.3)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Lymphopenia	2	7	0	0	0	3	3	1	0	0	7	12	15	0	0
	(0.4)	(1.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.2)	(2.1)	(2.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Neutrophil count decreased	2	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0
	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Platelet count decreased	5	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0
	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
GASTROINTESTINAL	78	10	1	0	0	92	17	5	0	0	144	34	4	0	0
	(14.3)	(1.8)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(16.3)	(3.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(25.6)	(6.0)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Abdominal distension	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anal exam abnormal	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anal fistula	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anal mucositis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anorexia	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Colitis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Constipation	12	1	0	0	0	22	4	0	0	0	19	2	1	0	0

Supplementary Table S9: Acute\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Acute Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term Within Blood/Bone Marrow, GI, Renal GU System Organ Class

		PBRT	Alone (r	1=547)†		P	PBRT+S	STADT	(n=563)	†	PLNI	RT+PBI	RT+STA	ADT (n=	<del>-563)</del> †
Category/Term	n an	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	of Patier	its by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
	(2.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.9)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.4)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dehydration	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Diarrhea	46	3	1	0	0	59	8	3	0	0	119	16	2	0	0
	(8.4)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(10.5)	(1.4)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(21.1)	(2.8)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dry mouth	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dyspepsia	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dysphagia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Enteritis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Esophageal mucositis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Esophagitis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Fecal incontinence	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Flatulence	3	1	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0
	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Gastrointestinal disorder	8	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	0	0	15	2	0	0	0
	(1.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hemorrhoids	3	2	0	0	0	6	3	0	0	0	9	5	0	0	0
	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.6)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Mucositis oral	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Nausea	4	0	0	0	0	9	2	0	0	0	15	2	0	0	0
	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.6)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Proctitis	22	3	0	0	0	9	3	0	0	0	18	6	0	0	0
	(4.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.6)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.2)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Rectal anastomotic leak	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)

Supplementary Table S9: Acute\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Acute Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term Within Blood/Bone Marrow, GI, Renal GU System Organ Class

		PBRT .	Alone (r	n=547)†		I	PBRT+S	TADT	(n=563)	†	PLNF	RT+PBF	RT+STA	ADT (n=	<del>5</del> 63)†
Category/Term	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Rectal mucositis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Small intestinal obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Taste alteration	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Vomiting	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
RENAL/GENITOURINARY	82	44	5	0	0	129	63	5	0	0	144	59	6	2	0
	(15.0)	(8.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(22.9)	(11.2)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(25.6)	(10.5)	(1.1)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Bladder spasm	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Bladder stenosis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Cystitis	3	8	0	0	0	6	7	1	0	0	6	7	0	0	0
	(0.5)	(1.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Prostatic disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ureteric anastomotic leak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ureteric obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ureteric perforation	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urethral obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urethral stricture	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
***	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urinary frequency	72	28	2	0	0	116	41	2	0	0	127	43	4	0	0
***	(13.2)	(5.1)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(20.6)	(7.3)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(22.6)	(7.6)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urinary incontinence	13	15	1	0	0	27	26	0	0	0	31	11	1	2	0
TT .	(2.4)	(2.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(4.8)	(4.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(5.5)	(2.0)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Urinary retention	10	5	0	0	0	13	3	1	0	0	11	3	0	0	0

Supplementary Table S9: Acute\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Acute Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term Within Blood/Bone Marrow, GI, Renal GU System Organ Class

Category/Term	n an		Alone (n f Patien				PBRT+8 ad (%) o					RT+PBI Id (%) o			
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
	(1.8)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.3)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urogenital disorder	18	4	1	0	0	17	1	1	0	0	22	7	1	0	0
_	(3.3)	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.9)	(1.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Adverse events were graded v	with CTCAE	version	3.0.	-	•	-	•	-	-			-	-	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Acute: ≤ 90 days after End of Radiation Therapy or No Radiation Therapy Received

<sup>†17, 15,</sup> and 11 patients from PBRT Alone, PBRT+STADT, and PLNRT+PBRT+STADT arms, respectively, who received no treatment or for whom no acute AE information was provided are excluded.

Supplementary Table S10: Late\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term

			Alone (1						(n=559)					ADT (n=	
Category/Term	n an		f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	/		ts by G	rade	n an		f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
BLOOD/BONE MARROW	39	17	1	2	0	51	8	2	0	0	48	18	5	2	0
	(7.2)	(3.1)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(9.1)	(1.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.5)	(3.2)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Blood disorder	5	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
CD4 lymphocytes decreased	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hemoglobin decreased	20	4	1	0	0	43	1	0	0	0	50	3	1	1	0
	(3.7)	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(7.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.9)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)
Hemolysis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Leukopenia	19	2	1	0	0	15	2	1	0	0	19	8	0	0	0
	(3.5)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.7)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.4)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Lymphopenia	10	11	0	0	0	14	5	1	0	0	15	11	3	0	0
	(1.8)	(2.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.5)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.7)	(2.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Neutrophil count decreased	3	2	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0
	(0.6)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Platelet count decreased	14	1	2	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	1	0
	(2.6)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)
GASTROINTESTINAL	119	52	4	0	0	110	52	5	0	0	136	43	8	0	0
	(21.8)	(9.5)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(19.7)	(9.3)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(24.2)	(7.7)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Abdominal distension	3	2	1	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
	(0.6)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anal fistula	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anal mucositis	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anal ulcer	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Anorexia	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Colitis	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Colonic obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)

Supplementary Table S10: Late\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term

			Alone (			]	PBRT+S	STADT	(n=559)	)b	PLNI	RT+PB	RT+ST	ADT (n=	=562)°
Category/Term	n an	ıd (%) c	of Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	ıd (%) o	of Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	its by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Constipation	40	7	0	0	0	23	12	0	0	0	36	7	0	0	0
	(7.3)	(1.3)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(4.1)	(2.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.4)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dehydration	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Diarrhea	67	5	0	0	0	65	12	0	0	0	99	10	1	0	0
	(12.3)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(11.6)	(2.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(17.6)	(1.8)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dry mouth	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dyspepsia	2	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0
	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dysphagia	1	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Enteritis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Esophagitis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Fecal incontinence	13	4	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	0	13	3	0	0	0
	(2.4)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.3)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.3)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Flatulence	4	2	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	7	2	0	0	0
	(0.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.8)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Gallbladder obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Gastric ulcer	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Gastritis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Gastrointestinal disorder	20	9	1	0	0	29	5	0	0	0	18	3	1	0	0
	(3.7)	(1.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(5.2)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.2)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hemorrhoids	16	8	0	0	0	17	6	0	0	0	22	3	1	0	0
	(2.9)	(1.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.0)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.9)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ileal obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ileus	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Jejunal obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

Supplementary Table S10: Late\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term

		PBRT .	Alone (1	n=545) <sup>a</sup>		]	PBRT+S	STADT	(n=559)	b	PLNI	RT+PBI	RT+STA	ADT (n=	=562)°
Category/Term	n an	nd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	d (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Mucositis oral	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Nausea	7	1	1	0	0	11	3	0	0	0	11	1	0	0	0
	(1.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Proctitis	24	16	1	0	0	30	17	1	0	0	26	18	0	0	0
	(4.4)	(2.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(5.4)	(3.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(4.6)	(3.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Proctoscopy abnormal	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Rectal anastomotic leak	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Rectal mucositis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Rectal stenosis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Small intestinal obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Taste alteration	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Tooth disorder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Vomiting	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
RENAL/GENITOURINARY	148	173	26	3	0	165	157	30	7	0	138	178	42	3	0
	(27.2)	(31.7)	(4.8)	(0.6)	(0.0)	(29.5)	(28.1)	(5.4)	(1.3)	(0.0)	(24.6)	(31.7)	(7.5)	(0.5)	(0.0)
Bladder anastomotic leak	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Bladder obstruction	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Bladder perforation	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Bladder spasm	3	4	0	0	0	3	4	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0
	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Bladder stenosis	0	3	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0
	(0.0)	(0.6)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)

**Supplementary Table S10: Late\* Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Adverse Event Categories of Interest** Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Adverse Event and by Specific Adverse Event Term

			Alone (1				PBRT+S					RT+PBI			
Category/Term	n ar	ıd (%) o	f Patien	its by G	rade	n an	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Cystitis	18	39	5	1	0	20	45	8	0	0	12	46	12	0	0
	(3.3)	(7.2)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(3.6)	(8.1)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(2.1)	(8.2)	(2.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Kidney perforation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Prostatic obstruction	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ureteric obstruction	3	1	0	0	0	2	4	2	0	0	1	3	2	0	0
	(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Ureteric stenosis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urethral anastomotic leak	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urethral fistula	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urethral obstruction	1	4	1	0	0	1	7	2	0	0	5	1	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(1.3)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urethral stricture	1	8	3	0	0	2	5	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(1.5)	(0.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urinary frequency	162	81	4	0	0	186	89	2	0	0	183	96	3	0	0
	(29.7)	(14.9)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(33.3)	(15.9)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(32.6)	(17.1)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urinary incontinence	109	116	9	2	0	103	90	12	4	0	96	111	23	2	0
	(20.0)	(21.3)	(1.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(18.4)	(16.1)	(2.1)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(17.1)	(19.8)	(4.1)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Urinary retention	45	22	1	1	0	47	15	2	0	0	57	16	2	0	0
	(8.3)	(4.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(8.4)	(2.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(10.1)	(2.8)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urine discoloration	3	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
	(0.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Urogenital disorder	52	13	7	1	0	43	12	4	1	0	40	11	9	0	0
	(9.5)	(2.4)	(1.3)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(7.7)	(2.1)	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(7.1)	(2.0)	(1.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)

Adverse events were graded with CTCAE version 3.0.

<sup>\*</sup>Late: > 90 days after End of Radiation Therapy

<sup>†19, 19,</sup> and 12 patients from PBRT Alone, PBRT+STADT, and PLNRT+PBRT+STADT arms, respectively, who received no treatment or for whom no late AE information was provided are excluded.

# Supplementary Table S11: All Reported Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Adverse Event and by Category (System Organ Class)

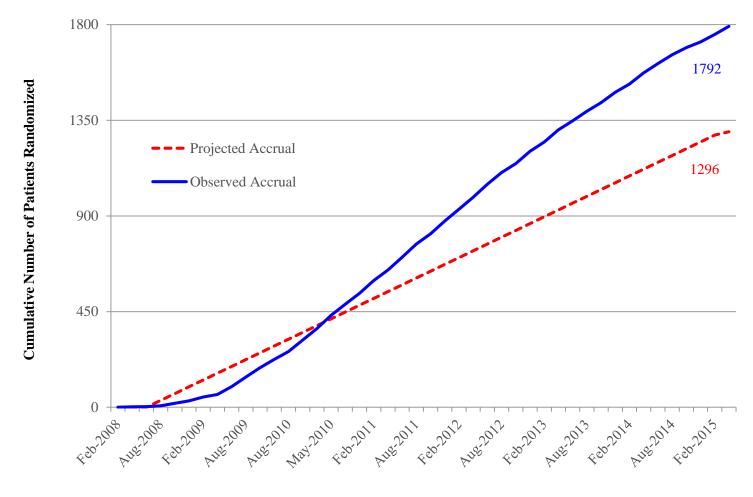
		PBRT	Alone (r	n=547)†		]	PBRT+S	STADT	(n=563)	†	PLNI	RT+PBI	RT+STA	DT (n=	<del>-563)</del> †
Category	n ar	nd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n ar	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	id (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Overall Highest Grade	110	257	70	9	0	120	273	100	15	0	96	275	131	14	0
	(20.1)	(47.0)	(12.8)	(1.6)	(0.0)	(21.3)	(48.5)	(17.8)	(2.7)	(0.0)	(17.1)	(48.8)	(23.3)	(2.5)	(0.0)
Allergy/immunology	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Auditory/ear	0	3	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Blood/bone marrow	43	23	4	2	0	79	16	3	0	0	61	24	20	2	0
	(7.9)	(4.2)	(0.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(14.0)	(2.8)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(10.8)	(4.3)	(3.6)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Cardiac arrhythmia	1	3	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	2	4	3	2	0
	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.7)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Cardiac general	4	5	5	2	0	6	11	6	4	0	3	14	7	1	0
	(0.7)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(2.0)	(1.1)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(2.5)	(1.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)
Coagulation	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Constitutional symptoms	141	27	1	0	0	186	57	0	0	0	170	62	7	0	0
	(25.8)	(4.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(33.0)	(10.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(30.2)	(11.0)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dermatology/skin	30	9	1	0	0	36	19	0	0	0	48	18	2	0	0
	(5.5)	(1.6)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.4)	(3.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.5)	(3.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Endocrine	31	11	2	0	0	228	97	6	0	0	209	117	5	0	0
	(5.7)	(2.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(40.5)	(17.2)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(37.1)	(20.8)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Gastrointestinal	160	61	5	0	0	161	64	10	0	0	219	70	12	0	0
TT 1 /1 1:	(29.3)	(11.2)	(0.9)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(28.6)	(11.4)	(1.8)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(38.9)	(12.4)	(2.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hemorrhage/bleeding	61	33	5	1	0	74	25	4	0	0	79	31	8	0	0
TT . 1.11.	(11.2)	(6.0)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(13.1)	(4.4)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(14.0)	(5.5)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Hepatobiliary/pancreas	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
T., C 4	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Infection	0	19	5	1	0	3	15	4	0	0	1	23	5	1	0
T	(0.0)	(3.5)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(2.7)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(4.1)	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.0)
Lymphatics	6	2	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	$0 \\ (0.0)$	13 (2.3)	4 (0.7)	1 (0.2)	0 (0.0)	0	_	0 (0.0)	1	0 (0.0)	0
Metabolic/laboratory	(1.1)	(0.4)	(0.0)	_ ` . ′	(0.0)	57	15	8		(0.0)	(2.7)	11	(0.2)		(0.0)
wiciaudiic/iaudiaidiy	(5.5)	(1.6)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(10.1)	(2.7)	(1.4)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(9.6)	(2.0)	(1.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)
Musculoskeletal/soft tissue	20	(1.0)	2	0.2)	(0.0)	22	12	1	0.2)	(0.0)	35	21	2	0.2)	0.0)
wiusculoskeletal/soft tissue	(3.7)	(0.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.9)	(2.1)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.2)	(3.7)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Neurology	18	14	3	0.0)	0.0)	37	19	3	0.0)	0.0)	60	15	4	0.0)	0.0)
reurology	(3.3)	(2.6)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(6.6)	(3.4)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(10.7)	(2.7)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)
	(3.3)	(2.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.4)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(10.7)	(2.7)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(0.0)

# Supplementary Table S11: All Reported Adverse Events without Regard to Attribution Distribution of Patients by Highest Grade Adverse Event and by Category (System Organ Class)

		PBRT A	Alone (r	1=547)†		I	PBRT+S	TADT	(n=563)	†	PLNI	RT+PBF	RT+STA	DT (n=	563)†
Category	n an	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade	n an	ıd (%) o	f Patien	ts by G	rade
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
Ocular/visual	2	2	0	0	0	5	2	2	0	0	3	2	2	0	0
	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Pain	85	38	6	0	0	102	42	9	0	0	108	49	6	0	0
	(15.5)	(6.9)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(18.1)	(7.5)	(1.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(19.2)	(8.7)	(1.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Pulmonary/upper respiratory	16	8	1	0	0	29	6	3	0	0	18	8	0	2	0
	(2.9)	(1.5)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(5.2)	(1.1)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(3.2)	(1.4)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Renal/genitourinary	158	189	29	3	0	189	185	31	7	0	169	202	44	5	0
J ,	(28.9)	(34.6)	(5.3)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(33.6)	(32.9)	(5.5)	(1.2)	(0.0)	(30.0)	(35.9)	(7.8)	(0.9)	(0.0)
Secondary malignancy	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Sexual/reproductive function	49	102	24	0	0	47	130	36	0	0	62	133	43	0	0
	(9.0)	(18.6)	(4.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(8.3)	(23.1)	(6.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(11.0)	(23.6)	(7.6)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Surgery/intra-operative injury	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Syndromes	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)
Vascular	2	1	1	0	0	8	3	2	2	0	8	3	2	0	0
	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(1.4)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.0)	(0.0)

Adverse events were graded with CTCAE version 3.0.

†17, 15, and 11 patients from PBRT Alone, PBRT+STADT, and PLNRT+PBRT+STADT arms, respectively, who received no treatment or for whom no acute AE information was provided are excluded.



Month and Year

Figure S2A

No. at Risk

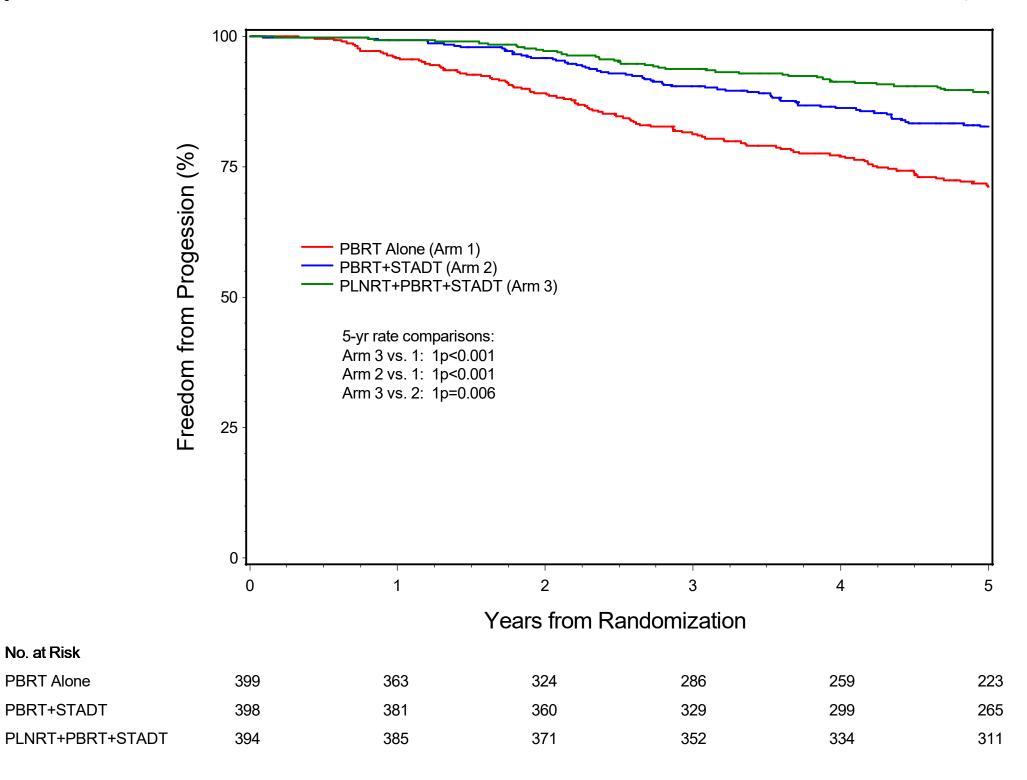


Figure S2B

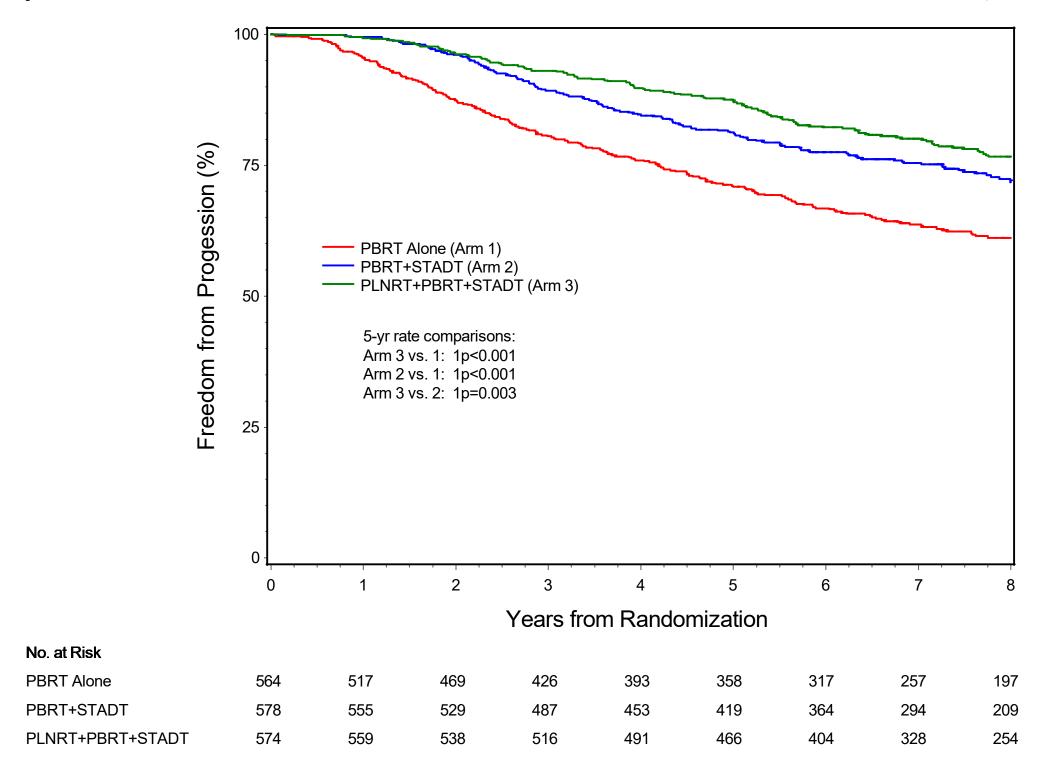


Figure S3A

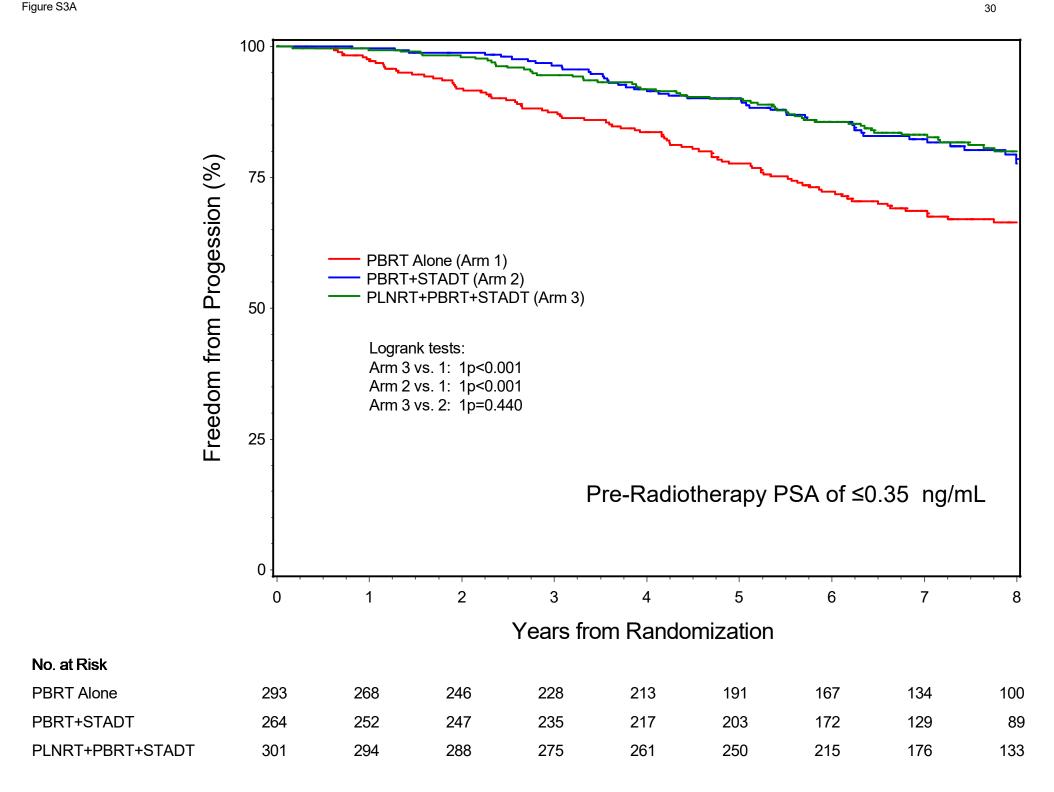
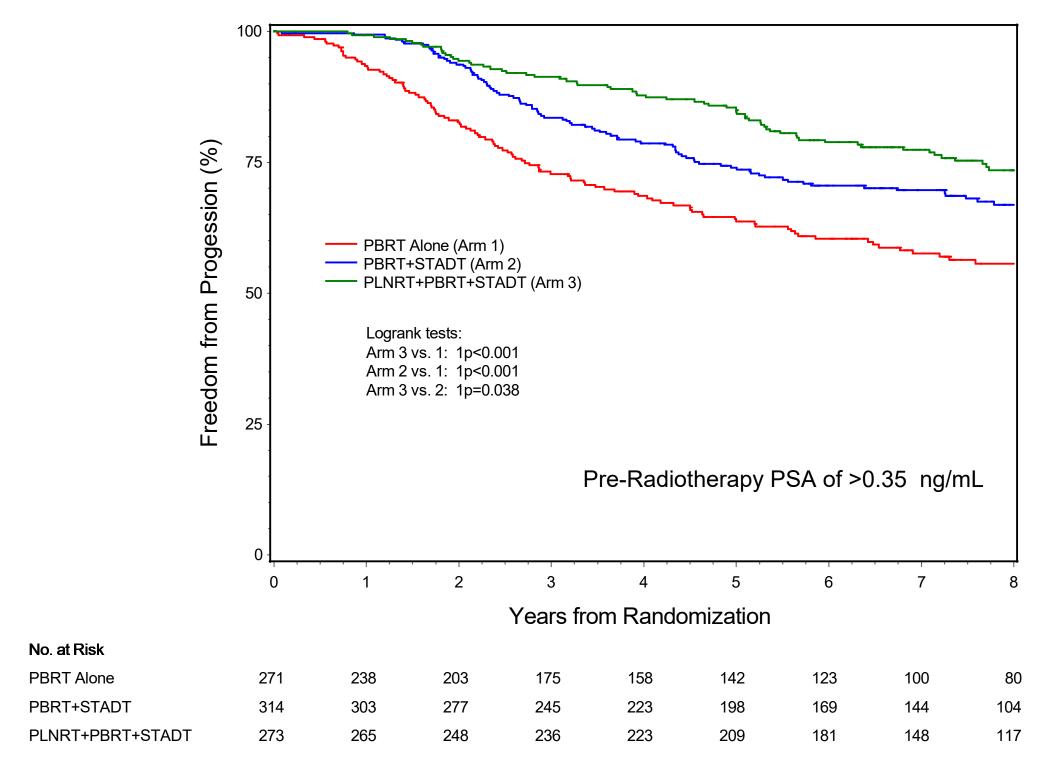


Figure S3B 31



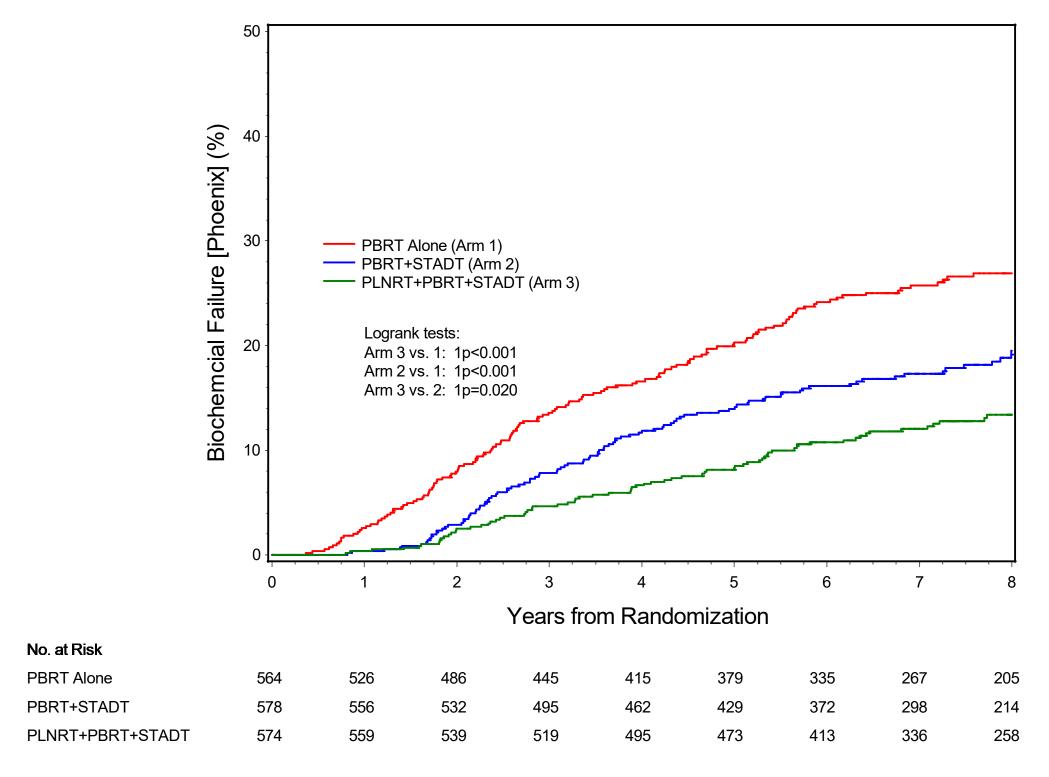


Figure S4B

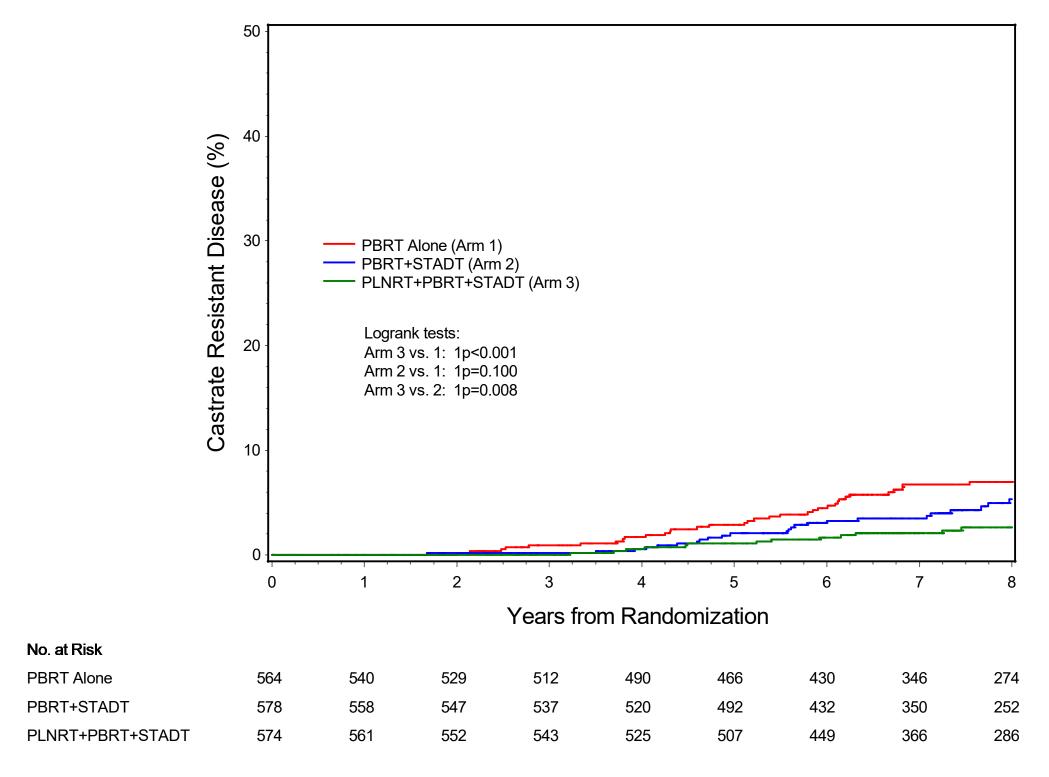


Figure S4C 34

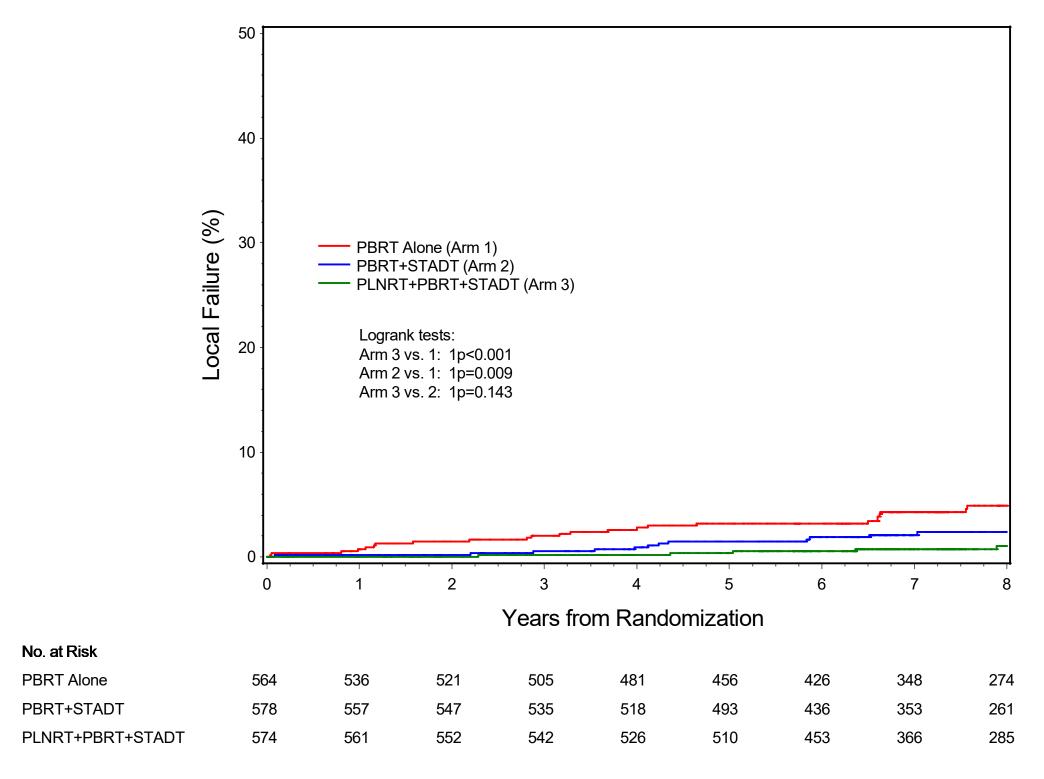


Figure S4D 35

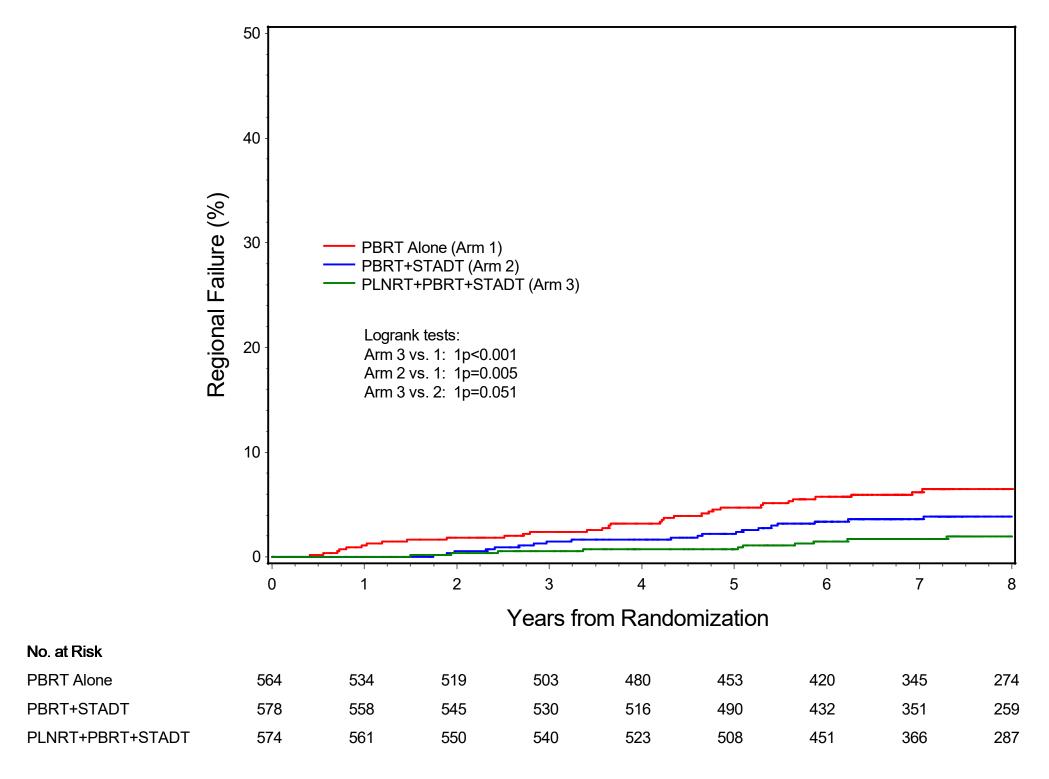


Figure S4E 36

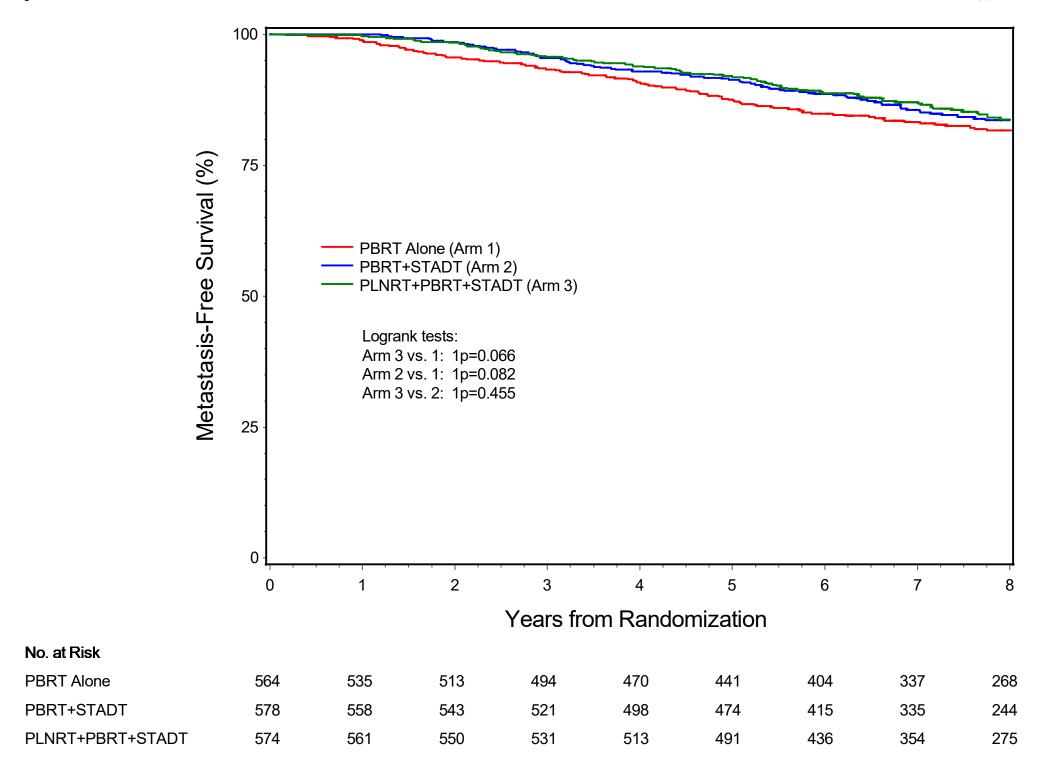


Figure S5

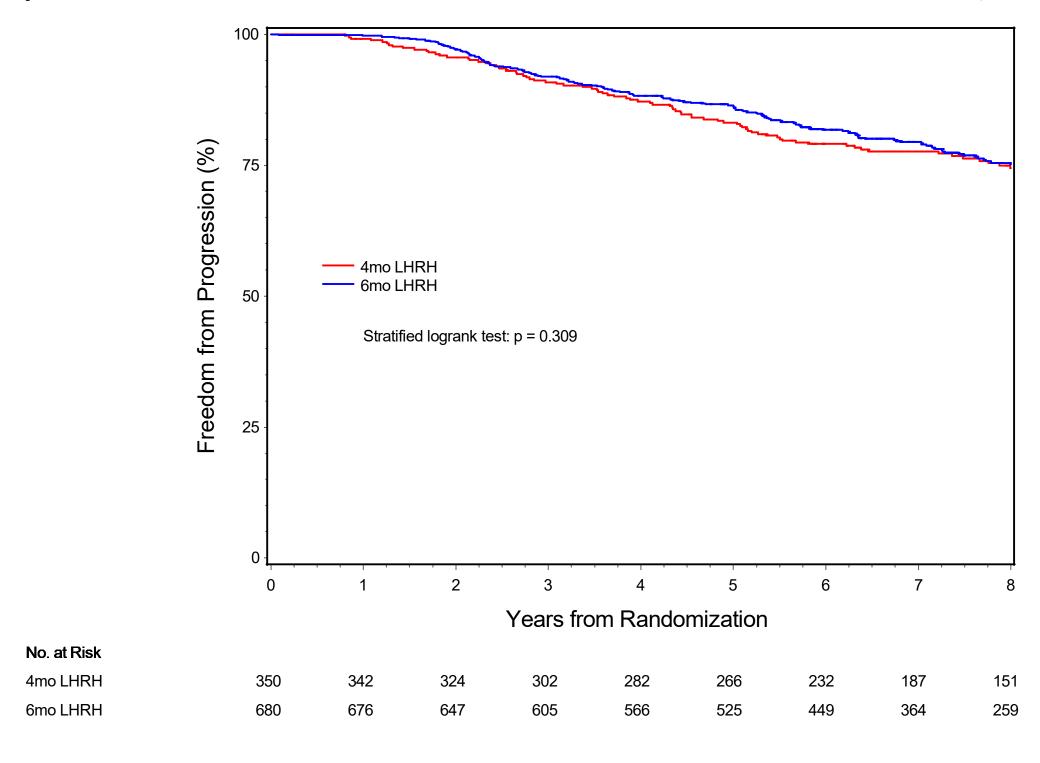


Figure S6A 38

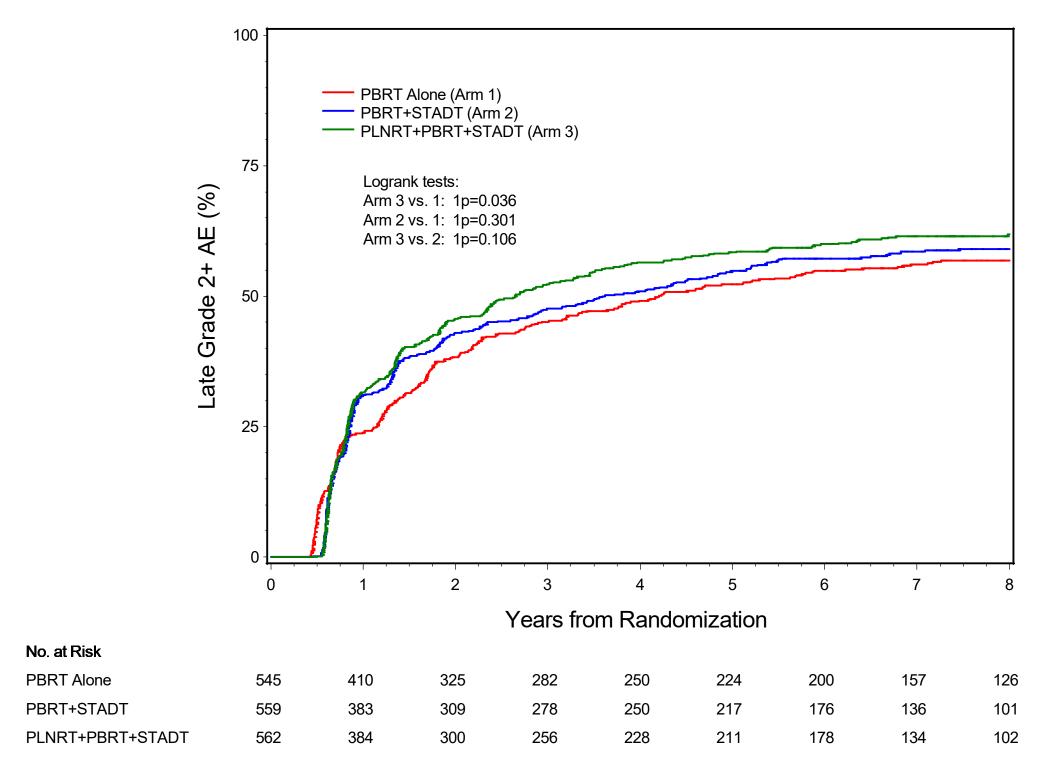


Figure S6B

